

CARRBORO PEDIATRICS & INTERNAL MEDICINE

WHAT TO EXPECT AT WELL CHILD VISITS:

<u>TIMING OF VISIT</u>	<u>RECOMMENDATIONS</u>
1-2 WEEKS OLD	Newborn Follow-up
1 MONTH OLD	1. HEPATITIS B
2 MONTHS OLD	1. PENTACEL 2. PREVNAR 3. ROTATEQ (ORAL)
4 MONTHS OLD	1. PENTACEL 2. PREVNAR 3. ROTATEQ (ORAL)
6 MONTHS OLD	1. PENTACEL 2. PREVNAR 3. ROTATEQ 4. HEPATITIS B
9 MONTHS OLD	NO SHOTS or CATCH-UP SHOTS
12 MONTHS OLD	1. VARICELLA or MMR 2. PREVNAR 3. HEPATITIS A Fingerstick blood test for anemia and for lead level
15 MONTHS OLD	1 DTaP 2.MMR or VARICELLA 3. HIB
18 MONTHS OLD	1. HEPATITIS A
2 YEARS OLD	CHECK-UP, VISION, NO SHOTS
3 YEARS OLD	CHECK-UP, VISION, NO SHOTS
4 YEARS OLD	1. Proquad (MMR/VARICELLA) 2. Kinrix (DTaP/IPV) HEARING, VISION IF CHILD CAN DO TEST

Pentacel is a vaccine that combines 3 shots into one, to allow for fewer pokes. It includes diphtheria/tetanus and acellular pertussis (DTaP) Hemophilus influenza (Hib), and polio (IPV).

It is also recommended that children 6 months-5 years get immunized against influenza during the winter months because they are at higher risk for complications and hospitalization with the flu. If it is the first year that he or she receives a flu shot, two shots are needed, given one month apart. In subsequent years, only one shot is needed each winter. Over age 2, non-asthmatics can get the FluMist nasal spray instead of a shot.

We also have COVID shots available for all age groups. The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends COVID shots for children ages 6 months-24 months due to higher risk for hospitalization in this age group.

GLOSSARY:

DTaP= Diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis vaccine

IPV= Inactivated poliovirus vaccine

HIB= Hemophilus influenzae vaccine

PREVNAR= Pneumococcal vaccine

VARICELLA= Chicken Pox vaccine

MMR= Measles, Mumps, rubella vaccine